



User Manual

JXM-IO-E30 Expansion module

60883467_03

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Translation of the german original User Manual

Revision 2.27.1

Date of issue 10/7/2022

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Jetter AG Introduction | 1

1 Introduction

1.1 Information on this document

This document forms an integral part of the product and must be read and understood prior to using it. It contains important and safety-related information for the proper use of the product as intended.

Target groups

This document is intended for specialists with appropriate qualifications. Only competent and trained personnel is allowed to put this device into operation. During the whole product life cycle, safe handling and operation of the device must be ensured. In the case of missing or inadequate technical knowledge or knowledge of this document any liability is excluded.

Availability of information

Make sure this document is kept at the ready in the vicinity of the product throughout its service life.

For information on new revisions of this document, visit the download area on our website. This document is not subject to any updating service.

Start | Jetter - We automate your success.

For further information refer to the following information products:

- JetSym software Online Help
 Detailed description of software functions with application examples
- Application-oriented manuals Cross-product documentation
- Version updates
 Information about new versions of software products or of the operating system of your controller

1.2 Typographical conventions

This manual uses different typographical effects to support you in finding and classifying information. Below, there is an example of a step-by-step instruction:

- ✓ This symbol indicates requirements which have to be met before executing the following action.
- ➤ This sign or a numbering at the beginning of a paragraph marks an action instruction that must be executed by the user. Execute the instructions one after the other.
- ⇒ The target after a list of instructions indicates reactions to, or results of these actions.

(i) INFO

Further information and practical tips

In the info box you will find helpful information and practical tips about your product.

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2 Safety

2.1 General Information

When placed on the market, this product corresponds to the current state of science and technology.

In addition to the operating instructions, the laws, regulations and guidelines of the country of operation or the EU apply to the operation of the product.

The operator is responsible for compliance with the relevant accident prevention regulations and generally accepted safety rules.

2.2 Purpose

2.2.1 Intended use

This module is for adding multifunctional inputs and outputs to controllers.

Operate the device only in accordance with the intended conditions of use, and within the limits set forth in the technical specifications.

Intended use of the product includes its operation in accordance with this manual.

SELV

The operating voltage of this device is classified as Safety Extra Low Voltage and is therefore not subject to the European Low Voltage Directive. The device may only be operated from a SELV source.

2.2.2 Usage other than intended

This device must not be used in technical systems which to a high degree have to be fail-safe.

Machinery Directive

This device is no safety-related part as per Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC, and must, therefore, not be used for safety-relevant applications. This device is NOT intended for the purpose of personal safety, and must, therefore, not be used to protect persons.

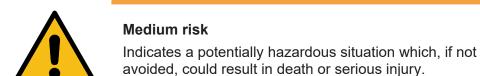
2.3 Warnings used in this document





Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

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⚠ CAUTION



Low risk

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE



Material damage

Indicates a situation which, if not avoided, could result in malfunctions or material damage.

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Jetter AG Product Description | 3

3 Product Description

The JXM-IO-E30 expansion module is a cost-effective and universally applicable I/O extension for self-propelled machines. For use in the industrial sector, additional requirements must be met:

■ Measures for use in the industrial sector [▶ 30]

3.1 Variants

Some information in this document distinguishes between the following variants:

Variant	ltem number
JXM-IO-E30-G20-K00	10001687
JXM-IO-E30-G20-K00-O01	10002046
Model with CAN IN/OUT and AI10V	

Observe the relevant information in the following chapters:

- Inputs [▶ 19]
- MOLEX connector [▶ 28]

3.2 Design

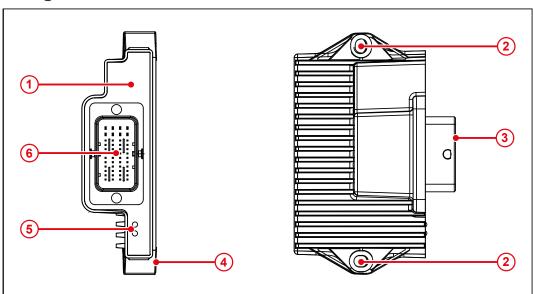


Fig. 1: Design

1	Housing	
2	Fastening lugs	
3	MOLEX connector	
4	Mounting surface	
5	LED indicators	
6	Contact pins	

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Jetter AG Product Description | 3

3.3 Product features

- 1 CAN port with optional terminating resistor
- Communication via CANopen protocol
- 8 analog inputs for current or voltage measurement
- 4 digital inputs for use as digital, frequency, period time or counter inputs
- 4 digital outputs with current monitoring. 3 A maximum load per channel. The total current must not exceed 6 A. These outputs can also be used as digital inputs.
- 6 PWM outputs, 7 A max., with current monitoring. These outputs can also be used as digital inputs.
- 4 PWM outputs, 3 A max., with precision current measurement and PID current control. These outputs can also be used as digital inputs.
- 3 outputs with monitored supply voltages for sensors (battery voltage)
- Separate connections for logic and output driver supply
- Total current output of up to 25 A

3.4 Diagnostic capability via LEDs

The JXM-IO-E30 is equipped with 2 LEDs to indicate various states and errors.

Color	Blinking pattern		Description		
Red	Permanently ON		Operating voltage is present (VBAT_ECU).		
			■ The boot loader is not running.		
Red	Steady	200 ms	■ The boot loader is running.		
rtcu	OFF	200 ms	■ The device has no firmware.		
	Steady	400 ms	■ The start process was completed without		
Red	OFF	400 ms	errors. ■ The device is in the Stopped state.		
	Steady	200 ms	■ The start process was completed without		
Green	OFF	200 ms	errors.The device is in the Pre-Operational state.		
	Steady	200 ms	■ The start process was completed without		
Green	OFF	600 ms	errors. ■ The device is in the Operational state.		
Green	3x ON/ OFF	200 ms	■ The start process was completed without errors.		
	Break	400 ms	■ The device is in calibration mode.		
Red	Steady	200 ms	■ The device is in the Bus Off state.		
ixeu	OFF	400 ms			
Green	Steady	200 ms	Bus communication is not possible. The second		
Oleen	OFF	400 ms	■ There is a wiring error.		

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Color	Blinking pattern		Description
Red	3x ON/ OFF	200 ms	Measured values are outside their specified ranges. The following errors may have occurred:
Croon	Steady	400 ms	■ The PCB temperature is too high.
Green	OFF	400 ms	■ The CPU temperature is too high.

3.5 Nameplate

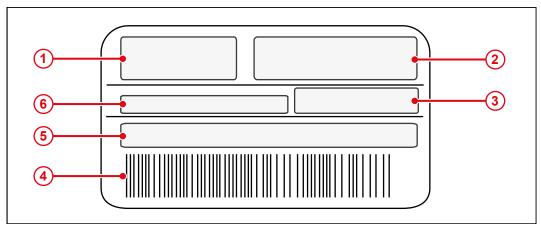


Fig. 2: Sample nameplate

1	Logo	
2	Certification mark	
3	Registration number and hardware revision	
4	Barcode	
5	Serial number	
6	Model code number	

3.6 Scope of delivery

Scope of delivery	Item number	Quantity
JXM-IO-E30-G20-K00	10001687	1
OR		
JXM-IO-E30-G20-K00-O01 Model with CAN IN/OUT and AI10V	10002046	1

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4 Technical specifications

This chapter contains information on electrical and mechanical data as well as operating data of the JXM-IO-E30.

4.1 Dimensions

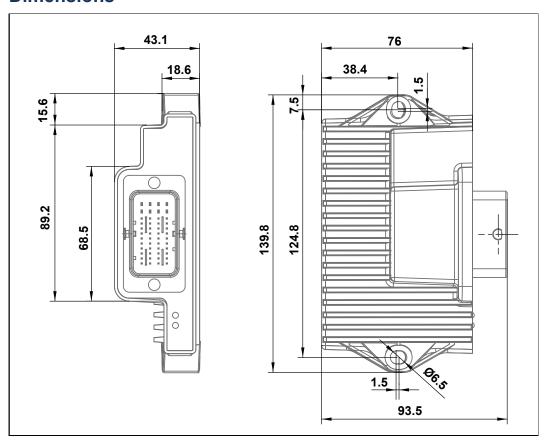


Fig. 3: Dimensions in mm

(i) INFO

CAD data

CAD data of the device can be found in the download area of our *homepage*.

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4.2 Mechanical specifications

Parameter	Description	Standards		
Weight	325 g			
Enclosure specifications)			
Material	Polyamid			
Enclosure potential	Isolated			
Vibration resistance	10 Hz 150 Hz, 6 h	ISO 16750-3		
Shock resistance				
Type of shock	Half-sine wave	ISO 16750-3		
Intensity and duration	50 g for 11 ms			
Number and direction	10 shocks in the directions of all 3 spatial axes			
Free fall				
Height of fall	From 1 m height on solid ground	ISO 16750-3		

Tab. 1: Mechanical specifications

4.3 Electrical properties

Output driver supply

Parameter	Description
Abbreviation	VBAT_PWR
Total current	Max. 25 A
Operating voltage	DC 8 V 32 V
Protection against polarity reversal	There is the danger of a short circuit if the polarity is reversed. Protect the circuit by an external 25 A fuse.
Voltage protection	+36 V for 1 h at T _{max} -20 °C, function state C

Tab. 2: Output driver supply

ECU power supply

Parameter	Description		
Abbreviation	VBAT_ECU		
Operating voltage	DC 8 V 32 V		
Protection against polarity	Max. 32 V		
reversal	There is the danger of a short circuit if the polarity is reversed. Protect the circuit by an external 2 A fuse.		
Current consumption	At 12 V	approx. 49 mA + total current at VEXT_SEN	
	At 24 V	approx. 34 mA + total current at VEXT_SEN	

Tab. 3: ECU power supply

Ground reference

Pin	Purpose
GND_PWR	Ground for VBAT_PWR and VBAT_ECU
GND_SEN	Ground for VEXT_SEN

Tab. 4: Ground reference

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4.4 Environmental conditions

Parameter	Description	Standards
Operating temperature	-40 °C +85 °C	ISO 16750-4
Storage temperature	-40 °C +85 °C	
Relative humidity	5 % 95 %	
Weather resistance	The device is designed for use in all weather conditions and is suitable for outdoor use.	
Salt water resistance	The device is not designed for maritime applications.	
Degree of protection	IP65 with mating connector plugged in	

Tab. 5: Environmental conditions

4.5 EMI values

The device has E1 approval according to ECE R10 Rev. 5 and CE conformity according to ISO 14982.

In addition, the device has CE conformity according to EN 61000-6-1 and EN 61000-6-2 in the industrial sector as of hardware revision 02. To comply with CE conformity requirements, additional measures are necessary (see Measures for use in the industrial sector [> 30]).

Pulses ISO 7637-2

Test pulse	Values	Functional class
1	-450 V	C
2 a	+37 V	В
2b	+20 V	С
3 a	-150 V	A
3b	+150 V	A

Tab. 6: Pulses ISO 7637-2

Pulses ISO 16750-2

Test pulse	Values	Functional class
4	Ua1: -12 V / 50 ms	B (24 V systems)
	Ua2: -5 V / 500 ms	
4		C (12 V systems, E1)
5b	Load dump	С
	70 V / 2 Ω / 350 ms	

Tab. 7: Pulses ISO 16750-2

Irradiation ISO 11452

Parameter	Values	Functional class
Protection against RF noise	20 MHz 2 GHz 60 V/m	A
	20 MHz 2 GHz 75 V/m	В
	20 MHz 57 MHz and 82 MHz 2 GHz 100 V/m	В

Tab. 8: Irradiation ISO 11452

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Emission CISPR 25

Parameter	Values	
Narrowband emission	30 MHz 1,000 MHz	Min. 1 dB below limit
Wideband emission	30 MHz 1,000 MHz	Min. 1 dB below limit

Tab. 9: Emission CISPR 25

ESD EN 61000-4-2

ESD EN 61000-4-2	Values	Functional class
Contact discharge	±4 kV	A
Discharge through air	±8 kV	A

Tab. 10: ESD EN 61000-4-2

Tests for use in industrial applications

Burst

Parameter	Values	Criterion	Standards
Burst	2 kV	В	EN 61000-6-2
	1 kV	В	EN 61000-6-1

Tab. 11: Burst

RF induction

Parameter	Values	Criterion	Standards
RF induction	10 V	A	EN 61000-6-2
	3 V	A	EN 61000-6-1

Tab. 12: RF induction

Impulse voltages

Parameter	Values	Criterion	Standards
Impulse voltages	±1 kV	В	EN 61000-6-2
	±0.5 kV	В	EN 61000-6-1

Tab. 13: Impulse voltages

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4.6 Outputs

(i) INFO

Use as input

Using the outputs as inputs always affects the entire group. It is not possible to configure individual outputs of a group as inputs.

Output PWMi_H3

Parameter	Description		
High-side PWM output w	ith precise current diagno	ostics	
Abbreviation	PWMi_H3		
Quantity	4		
Peak Current	3 A per channel		
Load range	0.02 A 3 A per channel		
Properties	No-load detection	Compatible with inductive load	
	Overcurrent detection, pre	cise current measurement	
Pulse width modulation			
PWM frequency	Max. 1500 Hz		
Resolution	0.1 %		
Dithering frequency	50 Hz 800 Hz		
Dither amplitude	0 % 20 %		
Current control	PID controller with configurable control parameters		
Control period	≥ 5 ms, adjustable		
Current diagnostics			
Resolution	12 bits		
Measuring range	0.2 A 4 A		
Measuring accuracy	±2.5 % of the maximum value relating to a current range of 3 A		
Use as input			
NPN and PNP input	Switching the interface to NPN or PNP affects the entire group PWMi_H3_x OFF!		
	L level ≤ 1.6 V	H level ≥ 4.6 V	
Input resistance	PNP 94 kΩ		

Tab. 14: Outputs PWMi_H3_1 ... PWMi_H3_4

Output PWM_H7

Parameter	Description			
High-side PWM output w	High-side PWM output with current diagnostics			
Abbreviation	PWM_H7			
Quantity	6			
Peak Current	7 A per channel			
Load range	0.2 A 7 A per channel			
Properties	No-load detection Compatible with ind load Overcurrent detection			
Current diagnostics	Diagnostics value	Measuring accuracy		
Related to the measuring	< 0.2 A	±45 %		
range 7 A	≤ 1.5 A	±35 %		
	> 1.5 A 7 A	±25 %		

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Parameter	Description		
Pulse width modulation			
PWM frequency	Min. 5 Hz	Max. 1500 Hz	
Resolution	0.1 %		
Dithering frequency	25 Hz 800 Hz	25 Hz 800 Hz	
Dither amplitude	0 % 20 %	0 % 20 %	
Use as input			
NPN or PNP input	Switching the interface to NPN or PNP affects the entire PWM_H7_x group!		
	L level ≤ 1.6 V	H level ≥ 4.6 V	
Input resistance	PNP 94 kΩ	NPN 10 kΩ	

Tab. 15: Outputs PWM_H7_1 ... PWM_H7_6

(i) INFO

Measurability of very short pulses

The resolution of the duty cycle at the PWM output is 0.1 %. Due to the limited edge steepness, very short pulses may not be measured.

- Example high frequency pulses: At 10 kHz output frequency, 0.1 % or 99.9 % duty cycle and low impedance load, a signal can no longer be measured.
- Example low frequency pulses:1 Hz output frequency allows for a 0.1 % duty cycle to be measured.

Output DO_H3

Parameter	Description		
Digital output with current diagnostics			
Abbreviation	DO_H3		
Quantity	4		
Peak Current	3 A per channel		
Total current	6 A max. for all 4 DO_H3	channels combined	
Load range	0.02 A 3 A		
On-Off switching frequency	Max. 50 Hz		
Properties	No-load detection	Compatible with inductive load	
	Overcurrent detection		
Current diagnostics	Current Measuring accuracy		
Related to the measuring	< 0.2 A	±45 %	
range 3 A	≤ 1.5 A	±35 %	
	> 1.5 A 3 A	±25 %	
Use as input			
NPN and PNP input	PN and PNP input Switching the interface to NPN or PNP affect entire DO_H3_x group!		
	L level ≤ 1.6 V	H level ≥ 4.6 V	
Input resistance	PNP 94 kΩ NPN 10 kΩ		

Tab. 16: Outputs DO_H3_1 ... DO_H3_4

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Sensor output VEXT SEN

Parameter	Description
Supply output for sensors:	
	ugh to VEXT_SEN via a PTC resistor. An overcurrent or supply can be detected.
Abbreviation	VEXT_SEN
Quantity	3
Peak Current	Min. 100 mA per channel at 85 °C
	Approx. 500 mA per channel at 25 °C

Tab. 17: Sensor output VEXT SEN

4.6.1 Current diagnostics at the outputs

The limit values vary for each output (see Outputs [▶ 16]).

All outputs are calibrated at the factory to achieve the highest possible accuracy. For low current values the current measurement is not linear. The measurement is therefore linearized by the firmware:

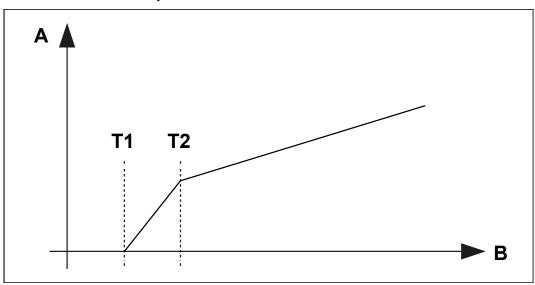


Fig. 4: Graph: Principle of linearization

Α	Current value
В	ADC value

- T1 is 200 mA. Current below this value is displayed as 0.
- T2 is 500 mA. From 200 mA to 500 mA the measured current value is linearized.

4.6.2 Overcurrent trip at outputs

If overcurrent flows through an output for 500 ms (default value), the overcurrent shutdown becomes active. This value can be changed using the parameter OVERCURRENT_TIME. If an overcurrent event is detected, the output shuts down and the overcurrent bit is set for 10 seconds. During this time the port cannot be switched on again.

Re-enabling the port

- ✓ The JXM-IO-E30 is in the Operational state.
- √ 10 s have passed since the output was shut down.
- ▶ Set the output value (digital or PWM) of the respective port again.

4.7 Inputs

Within the operating voltage range, all inputs are voltage-proof and overcurrent protected. The JXM-IO-E30 has 3 separate VEXT_SEN connector pins which should be used to supply the sensors. The connector pins output the battery voltage via a PTC thermistor. The output voltage can be read back in the device so that a failure of the sensor supply can be detected.

Alternatively, the analog inputs can also be used as digital inputs (DI_PNP).

Analog inputs

		· · · · - /	
Parameter	Description		
Analog inputs			
Abbreviation	Al		
Quantity	8		
Resolution	12 bits		
Voltage measuring	JXM-IO-E30	JXM-IO-E30-O01	
Rated measuring range	0 V 5 V	0 V 10 V	
Overvoltage measure- ment	5 V 7 V	10 V 12 V	
Input resistance	≥ 35 kΩ		
Load resistor	120 Ω		
Maximum voltage	+32 V		
Measuring accuracy	±2 % relating to the rated r	neasuring range	
Moving average filter			
Filter depth range	1 32		
	At 1 no filtering is active.		
Measuring cycle	1 ms		
Current measurement	t		
Measuring range	0 mA 20 mA		
Overcurrent range	21 mA 24 mA		
Measuring accuracy	±1.5 % referred to the current measuring range 20 mA		
Behavior in case of over- current detection	In case of overcurrent, the current measurement is interrupted. At the end of the overcurrent event, the current measurement is automatically resumed.		
As DI_PNP			
H level	≥ 4.6 V		
L level	≤ 1.6 V		
Input frequency	Max. 10 Hz		
Input resistance	≥ 35 kΩ		
Tab 18: Analog inputs			

Tab. 18: Analog inputs

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Digital inputs

All digital inputs are PNP inputs. From HW revision 02.00 onwards, digital input DI_P_1 can also be configured as NPN input.

All outputs can also be used as simple digital NPN or PNP inputs with restrictions.

Parameter	Description		
Digital inputs with fre	Digital inputs with frequency measurement		
Abbreviation	DI_P		
Quantity	4		
Pull-down resistor	5.6 kΩ		
H level	≥ 4.6 V		
L level	≤ 1.6 V		
Input frequency	0.1 Hz 10 kHz		
Dielectric strength	Max. +32 V		

Tab. 19: Digital inputs DI_P_1 ... DI_P_4

Configuration inputs

Configuration inputs are tristate inputs and are used to set the node ID. The base address can be set by the user and has the default value 0x30. The node ID can be shifted by connecting the configuration inputs with VBAT_ECU or GND via an offset.

Parameter	Description	
Configuration input	s for configuring the	node ID
Abbreviation	CFG1	CFG2
Quantity	2	

Tab. 20: Configuration inputs CFG1 ... CFG2

For more information refer to chapter Setting the node ID [45].

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5 Mechanical installation

MARNING



Risk of burns

Contact with hot surface may cause burns.

- ➤ Take protective measures to prevent inadvertent contact with the device.
- ► Allow the device to cool down for some time before you start working on it.

NOTICE



Damages to material or functional impairment due to welding

Welding on the chassis may damage the device material, or impair device functions.

- ▶ Before you start welding, disconnect all connections between the device and the electric system of the vehicle.
- Protect the device from flying sparks and welding beads (splatter).
- Do not touch the device with the welding electrode or earth clamp.

NOTICE



Dirt and moisture can affect the electrical connections.

- Protect unused pins using blanking plugs.
- Protect all electrical connections with appropriate single wire seals.
- Clean the area around a connector prior to removing the mating connector.

NOTICE



Functional impairment due to magnets or motors with coil

Using magnets or motors with a coil in the vicinity of the JXM-IO-E30 may adversely affect current readings of the inputs and outputs.

► Ensure that there is sufficient clearance or shield the JXM-IO-E30.

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5.1 Requirements for installation location and mounting surface

Requirements for the mounting surface

Parameter	Description	
Suitable materials	No special material requirements	
Shape / quality	The contact surface must be plane.	
Fastening lugs	All existing fastening lugs must be screwed down. The device can directly be fastened to the vehicle or to a mounting plate.	

Tab. 21: Requirements for the mounting surface

Requirements for the installation space

- Sufficient air circulation
- Sufficient space between the device and parts that may become very hot
- The device must be accessible for service work at all times.

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5.2 Mounting orientation

When mounting, observe the permitted and prohibited mounting orientations.

(i) INFO

Overheating due to incorrect mounting orientation

If the device switches itself off, check whether the device has overheated due to an unfavorable mounting orientation.

5.2.1 Allowed mounting orientations

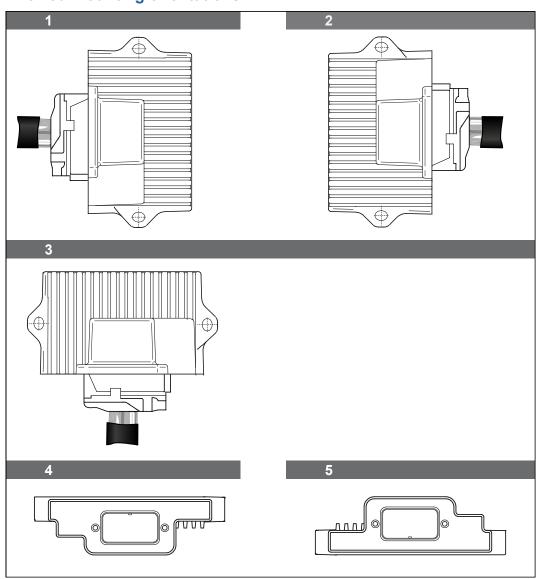


Fig. 5: Allowed mounting orientations

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5.2.2 Forbidden mounting orientations



NOTICE

Ingress of moisture in the case of incorrect mounting orientation

- ▶ Protect the device from splash and condensate.
- ▶ Do not route the connector plug vertically upwards.
- Do not use a steam jet near the unprotected device.

Any orientation where the connector plug is not protected against splash water or condensation is prohibited.

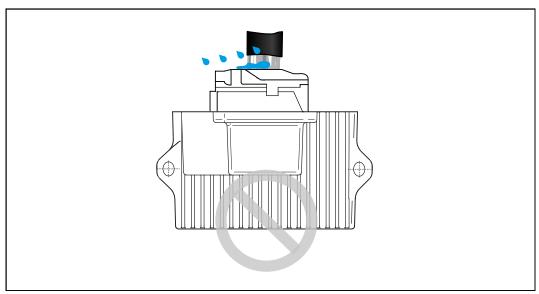


Fig. 6: Forbidden mounting orientation

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5.3 Installing the expansion module

Fastening material

Installation hardware is not included in the scope of delivery. Jetter AG recommends the following mounting hardware:

Material	Туре	Quantity
Screws/bolts	M6	2
Washers	DIN 125-1	2

Tab. 22: Fastening material

Mechanical installation

Use both mounting lugs to fasten the JXM-IO-E30. The stud torque is 4 Nm

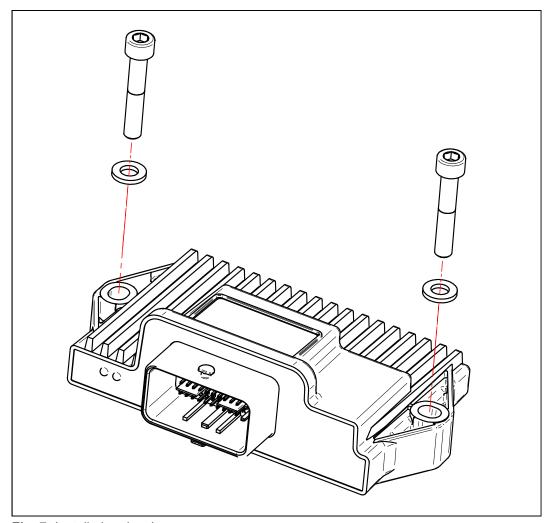


Fig. 7: Installation drawing

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6 Electrical connection



MARNING

Signal disruption due to incorrect CAN wiring

Unshielded or incorrectly twisted CAN lines may cause communication faults. In the worst case, a malfunction of the device can lead to subsequent physical injury.

- Connect 120 Ω termination resistors to both ends of the CAN bus
- Alternatively, connect the internal terminating resistor (see pinout).



NOTICE

Improving electromagnetic compatibility

Improper implementation of the wiring harness may impair electromagnetic compatibility.

- Keep the cables as short as possible.
- Lay power lines and signal lines separated from each other.



NOTICE

Damages to material or functional impairment

Improper implementation of the wiring harness may cause mechanical stress.

- Protect the cables from bending, twisting or chafing.
- Install strain reliefs for the connecting cables.



NOTICE

Surges resulting from missing protection or fusing

Surges may cause malfunctions or damage to the product.

- Protect the voltage inputs from surges according to the requirements.
- Ensure that the device is handled in accordance with ESD regulations.

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NOTICE



Interferences due to differences in potential

Differences in potential can lead to interferences.

► Wire sensors and actuators including their supply lines in star configuration to prevent differences in potential.

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6.1 Pin assignment

6.1.1 MOLEX connector



MARNING

Risk of short circuit if battery polarity is reversed

Inadequate fuse protection can lead to a short circuit if the polarity of the battery is reversed.

- ► Protect VBAT_PWR with an external 25 A fuse.
- ▶ Protect VBAT ECU with an external 2 A fuse.

The pins of lines A to K drive up to 6 A; the pins of lines L and M drive up to 12 A.

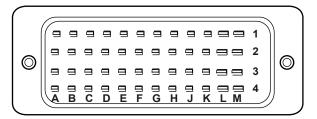


Fig. 8: MOLEX connector - pin assignment

Pin assignment

	4	3	2	1
Α	PWM_H7_5	n.c.	CAN1_TERM2 / CAN_H_OUT*	CAN_H
В	PWM_H7_5	Al_1	CAN1_TERM1 / CAN_L_OUT*	CAN_L
С	PWM_H7_6	AI_2	DI_P_1	PWMi_H3_4
D	PWM_H7_6	AI_3	DI_P_2	PWMi_H3_3
Е	PWM_H7_4	AI_4	DI_P_3	PWMi_H3_2
F	PWM_H7_4	AI_5	DI_P_4	PWMi_H3_1
G	PWM_H7_3	AI_6	GND_SEN	DO_H3_4
Н	PWM_H7_3	AI_7	VEXT_SEN_3	DO_H3_3
J	CFG1	AI_8	VEXT_SEN_2	DO_H3_2
K	CFG2	VBAT_ECU	VEXT_SEN_1	DO_H3_1
L	GND_PWR	GND_PWR	VBAT_PWR	VBAT_PWR
M	GND_PWR	PWM_H7_2	PWM_H7_1	VBAT_PWR

^{*}JXM-IO-E30 / JXM-IO-E30-O01

Abbreviations used in this document

Abbreviation	Description
Al	Analog input, current/voltage
CAN1_TERM	These two pins must be jumpered to enable the 120Ω terminating resistor.
CFG	Configuration pin for setting the CAN ID
DI_P	Digital and frequency input
DI_P_1	Digital and frequency input which can also be used as NPN input as of HW Rev. 02.00.
DO_H3	Digital high-side output

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Abbreviation	Description
GND_PWR	Ground - power outputs
GND_SEN	Ground - sensor power supply
n.c.	Reserved pin that must not be connected.
	NOTICE! Seal unused pins with pin plugs.
PWM_H7	High-side PWM output up to 7 A
PWMi_H3	High-side PWM output up to 3 A with precise current reading
VBAT_ECU	Power supply for logic unit and sensors
VBAT_PWR	Power supply for output driver
VEXT_SEN	Power supply sensors protected by PTC resistor.

Tab. 23: Abbreviations used in this document

MOLEX mating connector – Specification

Category	Description		
Designation	MOLEX connector		
Туре	48-pin		
Series production	64320		
Manufacturer part number	0643201311		
Crimp contacts			
For 0.75 mm ² lines	Quantity	40	
	Manufacturer part number	0643221029	
For 1.5 mm ² lines	Quantity	8	
	Manufacturer part number	0643231039	
Protective cap			
Manufacturer part number	nber 0643201301		

Tab. 24: MOLEX mating connector - Specification

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6.2 Measures for use in the industrial sector

The JXM-IO-E30 was developed for the automotive sector. In order to be able to use the device also in the industrial sector in conformity with CE, you must implement the measures of one of the following options:

Option 1 - Limitation of the maximum cable length to 3 m

- 1. Limit the maximum cable length to 3 m.
- **2.** Use a transil diode of type BZW06-33 at each DI_P input and at the outputs PWM_H7, PWMi_H3 and DO_H3.
- 3. Shield all 8 analog inputs (shield 1).
- 4. Shield the CAN bus (shield 2).

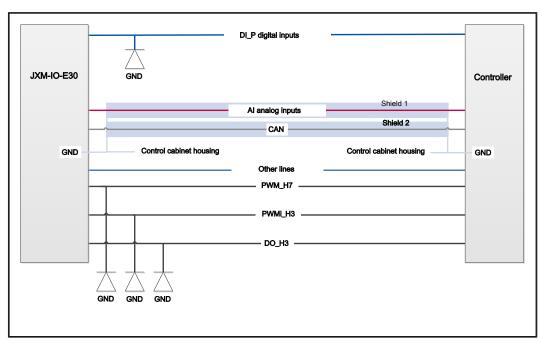


Fig. 9: Block diagram: Limiting maximum line length

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Option 2 - Overall shielding

1. Shield all cables with an overall shielding grounded on both sides.

2. Use a transil diode of type BZW06-33 at each DI_P input and at the outputs PWM_H7, PWMi_H3 and DO_H3.

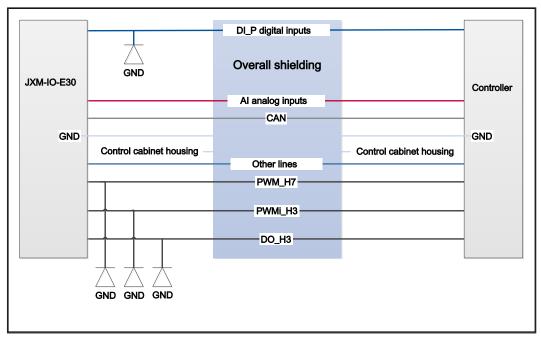


Fig. 10: Block diagram: Overall shielding

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7 Identification and Configuration

7.1 Identification

This chapter describes how to identify the JXM-IO-E30 device:

- Determining the hardware revision
- Retrieving Electronic Data Sheet (EDS) information. The EDS holds numerous non-volatile production-relevant data.
- Determining the OS version of the device and its software components

7.1.1 Device information

Device information

Index	Subindex	Description	Type	Types of access	Default value
0x1018	0	Number of supported entries	U8	R	
	1	Manufacturer ID	U32	R	0x00000B3
	2	Product code	U32	R	
	3	Revision number	U32	R	
	4	Serial number	U32	R	
0x1000	0	Type of device	U32	R	
0x1008	0	Device Name	String	R	
0x1009	0	Hardware revision	String	R	
0x100A	0	Software version	String	R	

Tab. 25: Device information

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7.1.2 Electronic Data Sheet (EDS)

Each JXM-IO-E30 features an Electronic Data Sheet (EDS). Production-specific data is stored in the CANopen object indexes 0x4555 and 0x4565.

EDS information

Index	Subindex	Description	Туре	Types of access
0x4555	0	Number of supported entries	U8	R
	1	Reserved		
	2	Reserved		
	3	Reserved		
	4	Module code	U16	R
	5	Product name	String	R
	6	PCB revision number	I16	R
	7	PCB options	I16	R
	8	Reserved		
	9	Serial number	String	R
	10	Production time stamp: Day	U8	R
	11	Production time stamp: Month	U8	R
	12	Production time stamp: Year	U16	R
	13	Reserved		
	14	Reserved		
	15	Minimum OS version	U32	R
	16	Minimum bootloader version	U32	R

Tab. 26: EDS information

Electronic nameplate

Index	Subindex	Description	Type	Default
0x4565	0	Number of supported entries	U32	5
	1	Version number of the electronic name plate	U32	0
	2	Command	U32	0
	3	Product serial number	String	0
	4	Item number	String	0
	5	Product revision	String	0

Tab. 27: Electronic nameplate

7.2 Operating system

We are continuously striving to enhance the operating systems of our products. Enhancing means adding new features, and upgrading existing functions. Current OS files are available for download on our homepage in the downloads area of the respective product.

(i) INFO

Further information

More information on this subject is available on our website.

Start | Jetter - We automate your success.

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7.2.1 Operating System Update of the Expansion Module

This chapter describes how to carry out an operating system update on the JXM-IO-E30 expansion module. You have got several options to transfer the OS file to the expansion module:

- By means of the controller
- By means of the command line tool JetEasyDownload (version 1.00.0.15 or higher) from Jetter

OS update via JetEasyDownload

To update the operating system of this device, use a CAN dongle from PEAK and the Jetter command line tool JetEasyDownload (version 1.00.0.15 or higher).

Required OS version

Model type JXM-IO-E30-K00-O01 does not support OS file versions previous to 2.16.0.00. Any attempt to import an OS file version previous to 2.16.0.00, will cause the following:

- JetEasyDownload aborts with a timeout error.
- The previous OS is deleted.
- The device is waiting in bootloader mode for a valid OS file.

When the OS upload failed, reset the JXM-IO-E30-K00-O01. You can then repeat the update attempt with an OS version ≥ 2.16.0.00.

JetEasyDownload Parameters

To call JetEasyDownload you need specific parameters.

Parameter	Description	Values	
-H <num></num>	Hardware	0=	PCAN_ISA1CH
		1=	PCAN_ISA2CH
		2=	PCAN_PCI_1CH
		3=	PCAN_PCI_2CH
		4=	PCAN_PCC_1CH
		5=	PCAN_PCC_2CH
		6=	PCAN_USB_1CH
		7=	PCAN_USB_2CH
		8=	PCAN_Dongle Pro
		9=	PCAN_Dongle
		10=	PCAN_NET Jetter
		11=	PCAN_DEV default device
		20=	IXXAT V2.18
		22=	IXXAT V3
		100=	CAN hardware detected first
-T <nodeid></nodeid>	Target node ID		
-B <num></num>	Baud rate	0=	10 kB
	Observe the per-	1=	20 kB
	missible baud	2=	50 kB
	rates of your de- vice!	3=	100 kB
		4=	125 kB
		5=	250 kB
		6=	500 kB
		7=	1 MB

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Parameter	Description	Values
-S <num></num>	SDO timeout	Default 300 ms
-L <name></name>	OS filename	e.g. JXM-IO-E30_Vx.xx.x.xx.os

Tab. 28: JetEasyDownload Parameters

Performing the update

JetEasyDownload -H100 -T48 -B5 -S8000 -LJXM-IO-E30_Vx.xx.xx.os



Selecting the CAN dongle

When selecting the CAN hardware, the –H100 parameter gives priority to the hardware detected as connected to the PC. Ensure that the PEAK CAN dongle is the only CAN device connected to the PC, to prevent the selection of the wrong CAN dongle.

- ✓ JetEasyDownload and PEAK CAN dongle are ready for use.
- ✓ A CAN connection is open between the PEAK CAN dongle and the JXM-IO-E30.
- 1. Call up JetEasyDownload with the above parameters and a valid OS file.
 - ⇒ The device carries out a reset.
 - \Rightarrow The device starts in boot loader mode with a single heartbeat in init state (data = 0x00).
- 2. Wait for approx. 7 seconds while the device formats the flash memory.
 - ⇒ The device starts the download process.
- ⇒ The device starts automatically with the new firmware.

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Jetter AG Parameterization | 8

8 Parameterization

8.1 Concept and control

The concept of the JXM-IO-E30 is based on the assignment of interfaces to the inputs and outputs of the device. Each input and output of the device is called a port and can be configured. The function of a port is determined by assigning an interface to it. Each interface contains parameters, values and a state:

- Parameters can be assigned to each interface.
- Information can be transmitted and set via values to any interface.
- The status provides information about the status of the interface.

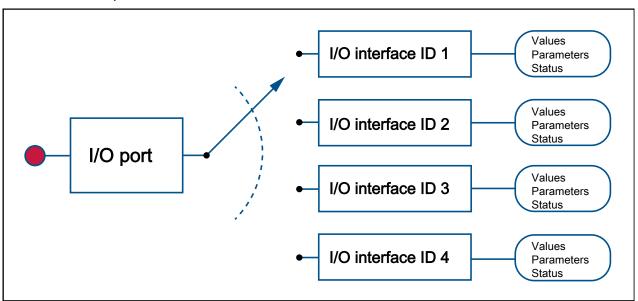


Fig. 11: Concept and control

8.1.1 Configuration options of connections

The table below shows an overview of the ports and the respective interfaces:

Ports	Description	Supported interfaces
AI_1 AI_8	Analog inputs	AI_VOLTAGE
		AI_CURRENT
		DI_PNP
DI_P_1 DI_P_4	Digital inputs	DI_PNP (DI_NPN only for DI_P_1)
		FI_PNP (FI_NPN only for DI_P_1)
		ENCI_PNP (each for DI_P_1 and DI_P_2 as well as for DI_P_3 and DI_P_4)
PWMi_H3_1 PWMi_H3_4	PWM outputs	PWMO_HS3, CPWMO_HS3, DO_HS3
		DI_NPN, DI_PNP

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Ports	Description	Supported interfaces
PWM_H7_1 PWM_H7_6	PWM outputs	PWMO_HS7, PWMO_HS3, DO_HS3, DO_HS7
		DI_NPN, DI_PNP
DO_H3_1 DO_H3_4	Digital outputs	DO_HS3
		DI_NPN, DI_PNP

Tab. 29: Supported ports and interfaces - Overview

When configuring the outputs, observe the information in chapter Outputs [16].

8.1.2 I/O ports and SDO map

Each I/O port is mapped with an SDO index:

I/O ports	SDO index
Al_1 Al_8	0x2100 0x2107
DI_P_1 DI_P_4	0x2108 0x210B
PWMi_H3_1 PWMi_H3_4	0x210C 0x210F
PWM_H7_1 PWM_H7_6	0x2110 0x2115
DO_H3_1 DO_H3_4	0x2116 0x2119

Tab. 30: SDO mappings of the I/O ports

Use subindex 1 to assign a specific interface (Overview – I/O interfaces [▶ 38]) to a port. Use the other subindexes to access the parameters, values, and statuses.

(i) INFO

Assigning Interfaces

You can only assign an interface in the **Pre-Operational** state during the start process.

Index	Subindex	Description	Type	Types of access	Default value
0x2100	0	Number of supported entries	U8	R	
	1	ID of the interface	U32	R/W	0 (disabled)
0x2119	2	I/O status	U32	R	(disabled) Bit set
	10 29	Input values		R	
	30 49	Output values		R/W	0
		When changing into Operational state, the setpoints are set to 0. A previously set value is not retained when changing from the Operational to Pre-Operational state.			
		Only possible in the Operational state, otherwise an error occurs (SDO abort).			
	50 199	Parameter		R/W	

Tab. 31: Subindexes for accessing parameters, values, and statuses

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8.1.3 Overview - I/O interfaces

The following table lists the I/O interfaces along with respective Parameters, values and statuses [\dot 40].

(i) INFO

Restrictions

The following restrictions must be observed in the **Operational** and **Pre-Operational** states:

- You can only assign an interface during the start process while the system is **Pre-Operational** state.
- You can only configure output values while the system is in Operational state.
 - You can configure parameters in both states.
- If you leave the **Pre-Operational** state, all values are set to 0.
- All outputs are inactive in the Pre-Operational state. The inputs remain active in the Pre-Operational state.

ID	Interface	Parameter	Values	Status
Dec/Hex		T didilictor	Values	
0	INACTIVE IO	Ta	1	Disabled
1	AI_VOLTAGE	SENSOR_SUPPLY	I_VOLTAGE	INACTIVE
	Analog voltage	FILTER_DEEP	I_RATIO	ERROR
	input	MIN_DEVIATION		OVERVOLTAGE
				SUPPLY_FAULT
2	AI_CURRENT	SENSOR_SUPPLY	I_CURRENT	INACTIVE
	Analog current	FILTER_DEEP		ERROR
	input (0 mA 24 mA)	MIN_DEVIATION		OVERCURRENT
				SUPPLY_FAULT
3	DI_PNP	SENSOR_SUPPLY	I_DIGITAL	INACTIVE
	Digital input		I_COUNTER	ERROR
	(active-high with pull-down)			SUPPLY_FAULT
4	FI_PNP	SENSOR_SUPPLY	I_FREQUENCY	INACTIVE
	Frequency input	TIMEOUT_TIME	I_DUTY_CYCLE	ERROR
	(active-high with	GATE_TIME	I_DIGITAL	SUPPLY_FAULT
	pull-down)		I_COUNTER	TIMEOUT
			I_PERIODIC_ TIME	
			I_H_PULSE_TIME	
			I_L_PULSE_TIME	
5	DI_NPN	SENSOR_SUPPLY	I_DIGITAL	INACTIVE
	Digital input		I_COUNTER	ERROR
	(active-low with pull-up)			SUPPLY_FAULT

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ID Dec/Hex	Interface	Parameter	Values	Status
6	PWMO_HS3	PWM_FRQ	I_HCURRENT	INACTIVE
	High-side PWM	DITHER_FRQ	O_DUTY_CYCLE	ERROR
	output (up to 3 A; with precise	DITHER_AMP		OVERCURRENT
	current measure-	MAX_CURRENT		OPEN_CIRCUIT
	ment)	OVERCURRENT_TIME		
		FILTER_DEEP		
		MIN_DEVIATION		
		MIN_CURRENT		
		OPENCIRCUIT_ DETECTION		
7	DO_HS3	MAX_CURRENT	I_HCURRENT	INACTIVE
	High-side digital	OVERCURRENT_TIME	O_DIGITAL	ERROR
	output	FILTER_DEEP		OVERCURRENT
	(up to 3 A)	MIN_DEVIATION		OPEN_CIRCUIT
		MIN_CURRENT		
		OPENCIRCUIT_ DETECTION		
8	Reserved			
9	Reserved			
10/a	CPWMO_HS3	PWM_FRQ	I_HCURRENT	INACTIVE
	High-side output	DITHER_FRQ	O_HCURRENT	ERROR
	(up to 3 A; with	DITHER_AMP		OVERCURRENT
	current control)	CURRENT_CONTROL_P		OPEN_CIRCUIT
		CURRENT_CONTROL_I		CC_UNLOCK
		CURRENT_CONTROL_D		
		MAX_CURRENT		
		OVERCURRENT_TIME		
		CURRENT_CONTROL_ TIME		
		FILTER_DEEP		
		MIN_DEVIATION		
		MIN_CURRENT		
		OPENCIRCUIT_ DETECTION		

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ID Dec/Hex	Interface	Parameter	Values	Status
11/b	PWMO_HS7	PWM_FRQ	I_HCURRENT	INACTIVE
	High-side PWM	DITHER_FRQ	O_DUTY_CYCLE	ERROR
	output	DITHER_AMP		OVERCURRENT
	(up to 7 A)	MAX_CURRENT		OPEN_CIRCUIT
		OVERCURRENT_TIME		
		FILTER_DEEP		
		MIN_DEVIATION		
		MIN_CURRENT		
		OPENCIRCUIT_ DETECTION		
12/c	DO_HS7	MAX_CURRENT	I_HCURRENT	INACTIVE
	High-side digital	OVERCURRENT_TIME	O_DIGITAL	ERROR
	output	FILTER_DEEP		OVERCURRENT
	(up to 7 A)	MIN_DEVIATION		OPEN_CIRCUIT
		MIN_CURRENT		
		OPENCIRCUIT_ DETECTION		
13/d	FI_NPN	SENSOR_SUPPLY	I_FREQUENCY	INACTIVE
	Frequency input	TIMEOUT_TIME	I_DUTY_CYCLE	ERROR
	(active-low with	GATE_TIME	I_DIGITAL	SUPPLY_FAULT
	pull-up)		I_COUNTER	TIMEOUT
			I_PERIODIC_ TIME	
			I_H_PULSE_TIME	
			I_L_PULSE_TIME	
26/1 a	ENCI_PNP	SENSOR_SUPPLY	I_COUNTER	INACTIVE
	Incremental	TIMEOUT_TIME	I_DIRECTION	ERROR
	encoder input	RESOLUTION		SUPPLY_FAULT

Tab. 32: Overview – I/O interfaces

8.1.4 Parameters, values and statuses

Input values

Subinde	ex	Description	Туре	Types of access	Unit/ Value range
10	I_VOLTAGE	Voltage value	U16	R	1 mV
11	I_RATIO	Relation to VBAT_ECU	U16	R	1 ‰
12	I_CURRENT	Current value (small measuring range)	U16	R	1 μΑ
13	I_HCURRENT	Current value (large measuring range)	U16	R	1 mA
14	I_FREQUENCY	Frequency value	U32	R	0.1 Hz

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Subinde	×	Description	Туре	Types of access	Unit/ Value range
15	I_DUTY_CYCLE	PWM duty cycle	U16	R	1 ‰
16	I_DIGITAL	Digital value	BOO L	R	0 1
17	I_COUNTER	Counter value (free-running counter)	U32	R	0 4294967295
18	I_PERIODIC_TIME	Periodic time, the duration of the period is measured	U32	R	1 µs
19	I_HPULS_TIME	High pulse time, the duration of the high pulse is measured	U32	R	1 µs
20	I_LPULS_TIME	Low pulse time; the duration of the low pulse is measured	U32	R	1 µs
22	I_DIRECTION	Current direction	U8	R	0 2 0 = none Movement 1 = forward 2 = backward

Tab. 33: Input values

Output values

Subind	ex	Description	Туре	Unit/ Value range
30	O_DIGITAL	Digital value	BOOL	0 1
31	O_DUTY_CYCLE	PWM duty cycle	U16	1 ‰
32	O_HCURRENT	Set current value (large measuring range)	U16	1 mA

Tab. 34: Output values

Parameter

Subinde	ex type	Description	Туре	Types of ac- cess	Unit/ Value range
50	SENSOR_SUPPLY	Associated sensor supply, which is also monitored.	U16	R/W	0 = OFF 1 = VEXT_SEN_1 2 = VEXT_SEN_2
					3 = VEXT_SEN_3 Default: 0
51	PWM_FRQ	PWM frequency	U32	R/W	0.1 Hz Default: 1 kHz
52	DITHER_FRQ	Dither frequency	U32	R/W	0.1 Hz Default: 1000
53	DITHER_AMP	Dither amplitude	U16	R/W	0.1 % Default: 0

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Subinde	ex type	Description	Туре	Types of access	Unit/ Value range
54	CURRENT_CONTROL_P	Current control: P parameter x1000000	U32	R/W	0 4294967295
					Default: 100000
55	CURRENT_CONTROL_I	Current control: I parameter x1000000	U32	R/W	0 4294967295
					Default: 10000
56	CURRENT_CONTROL_D	Current control: D parameter x1000000	U32	R/W	0 4294967295
					Default: 400
57	MAX_CURRENT	Maximum current that can- not exceed the specified	U16	R/W	1 mA
		value in the interface type.			Default: 3 A for
					PWMi_H3
					■ 7 A for PWM_H7
58	OVERCURRENT_TIME	In the event of overcurrent, the unit is switched off af- ter the corresponding time.	U32	R/W	1 ms Default: 500 ms
59	TIMEOUT_TIME	Sets the TIMEOUT bit in the status during frequency measurement, if no signal change is present. Determines from when I_DI-RECTION signals no movement.	U32	R/W	0 4294967295 Default: 1,000 ms
60	CURRENT_ CONTROL_TIME	Cycle time of current control	U32	R/W	1 ms Default: 5 ms
61	FILTER_DEEP	Moving average calculation depth	U32	R/W	1 32 Default: 1
62	GATE_TIME	Measuring time of the frequency measurement	U32	R/W	1 ms Default: 1000
63	MIN_DEVIATION	Minimum deviation for input values (as of OS 2.04.0.00)	U16	R/W	μA or mV Default for AI: 10

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Subinde	x type	Description	Туре	Types of ac-	Unit/ Value range
64	MIN_CURRENT	If the current applied to the output falls below the set threshold, this is interpreted as a cable break and the state changed to Operational (as of OS 2.05.0.00).	U16	R/W	1 mA Default is the minimum possible value: PWMi-H3 outputs: 200 mA min. Other outputs: min. 500 mA
65	OPENCIRCUIT_ DETECTION	Enables/disables the cable break detection of a port. Mode 1 checks once during boot whether a load pulls the output to GND. Mode 2 additionally checks in the switched-on state whether MIN_CUR-RENT has been undershot. NOTICE! Do not use the value 2 (permanent cable break detection) for PWM outputs and current-controlled outputs. This may lead false cable break errors.	U16	R/W	0 = No cable break detection 1 = Cable break detection enabled in Pre-Operational state only 2 = Cable break detection permanently enabled Default: 1
68	RESOLUTION	Resolution, e.g. at encoder input	U8	R/W	0 2 0 = 1/4 resolution 1 = 1/2 resolution 2 = Full resolution Default: 0

Tab. 35: Parameter

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Status

Bit	Status	Description
0x0000001	INACTIVE	This port is disabled.
0x00000002	ERROR	An undefined error has occurred.
0x00000008	OVERVOLTAGE	Overvoltage is present at the input.
0x0000010	OVERCURRENT	Overcurrent is present at the input/output.
0x00000020	SUPPLY_FAULT	The supply voltage VEXT_SEN is not correct.
0x00000080	OPEN_CIRCUIT	There is no load at the output, e.g. in case of cable breakage. This status entry is only checked while the device is booting!
0x00000100	TIMEOUT	The time for frequency measurement has been exceeded.
0x00000200	CC_UNLOCK	The current control is not within the control range.

Tab. 36: Status

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8.2 Setting the node ID

The base node ID can be set in the System parameters [▶ 47]. The default value is 0x30.

The configuration inputs (CFG1 and CFG2) generate an offset to the set base node ID. CFG1 and CFG2 may have one of the following 3 states:

- Jumpered to GND → Low (L)
- Jumpered to VBAT → High (H)
- Open → O

The offset corresponds to the values in the following table:

CFG1	CFG2	Offset of module ID
0	0	0
L	0	1
Н	0	2
0	L	3
L	L	4
Н	L	5
0	Н	6
L	H	7
Н	Н	8

Tab. 37: Offset for set base node ID

8.3 Diagnostic information

Diagnostic information

Index	Subindex	Description	Туре	Types of access	Unit
0x2000	0	Number of supported entries	U8	R	
	2	VBAT_PWR	U16	R	mV
	3	7V IO	U16	R	mV
	4	3V3	U16	R	mV
	6	PCB temperature	I16	R	0.1 °C
	7	CPU temperature	I16	R	0.1 °C
	9	CPU VRef	U16	R	mV
	10	SPWR1	U16	R	mV
	11	SPWR2	U16	R	mV
	12	SPWR3	U16	R	mV
	13	VBAT_ECU	U16	R	mV
	14	CFG1	U16	R	mV
	15	CFG2	U16	R	mV
	20	Total current ±50 %	U32	R	mA

Tab. 38: Diagnostic information

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Status information

Index	Subindex	Description	Type	Types of access
0x1001	0	Error register	U8	R
	Bit 0	General error		R
	Bit 1	Total overcurrent		R
	Bit 3	Temperature		R
	Bit 4	Communication error		R
	Bit 7	CI error (invalid input)		R

Tab. 39: Status information

8.4 Saving settings permanently and resetting to default values

The following parameters are permanently stored in the EEPROM:

- PDO mapping
- All I/O interface assignments and parameters
- Producer heartbeat time

Save settings

Index	Subindex	Description	Туре	Types of access	Default value		
0x1010	0	Number of supported entries	U8	R	1		
	1	Saving all parameters	U32	R/W			
		When the specific signature 0x65766173 ("save") is written, the rameters are saved.					

Tab. 40: Save settings in EEPROM

Resetting the settings to their default values

Index	Subindex	Description	Туре	Types of access	Default value
0x1011	0	Number of supported entries	U8	R	1
	1	Command register	U32	R/W	1
		When the specific signature 0x6 settings are reset to the default		load") is writt	en, all

Tab. 41: Resetting the settings to their default values

i INFO Loading the settings from the EEPROM During bootup, the last saved settings are automatically loaded. During a firmware update, the settings may be reset to the default values.

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Setting parameters

The parameters are set as follows:

- 1. The vehicle controller configures the parameters of the JXM-IO-E30.
- 2. The vehicle controller stores the settings via index 0x1010 in the EEPROM.
- 3. The vehicle controller reads the CRC via index 0x4556, subindex 1 and saves this value locally in a remanent memory.
- 4. After restarting the JXM-IO-E30, the vehicle controller compares the locally saved CRC value with the value in index 0x4556, subindex 1. If the values do not match, parameterization must be restarted.

(i) INFO

Activating the Changes

The changes to the indexes 0x1010 and 0x1011 only become active after a restart.

8.5 System parameters

Index	Subindex	Des	scription	Type	Types of access	Default value
0x4556	0	Nun	nber of supported entries	U8	R	4
	1	Use	O of the current parameter settings* and to check whether the settings need to be sferred to the device again.	U32	R	
	3	CAN	N baud rate	U8	R/W	1
		0:	125 kBaud	-		
		1:	250 kBaud (default)			
		2:	500 kBaud			
		3:	1 MBaud			
	4		CANopen node ID to be used in the future (without config pins)		R/W	0x30
	5	CAI (with	U8	R	0x30	
	6	Offs	set to BaseID (config pins)	U8	R	0

Tab. 42: System parameters

*The CRC is calculated using the current parameter values described in chapter Saving settings permanently and resetting to default values [\ 46].

(i) INFO

Activating the set system parameters

You can only use the set system parameters after restarting the system.

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8.6 Mapping of Process Data Objects (PDOs)

The following parameters let you set the transmit PDOs (TPDO 1 ... 4) and receive PDOs (RPDO 1 ... 4).

(i) INFO

Further information

For more information on this subject refer to the application-oriented manual *CANopen STX API* available for download from our *homepage*.

Validity of a PDO

The MSB (most significant bit) of the COB ID lets you determine the validity of a PDO. To map a PDO, first set the PDO to invalid (bit 31 = 1) and then to valid (bit 31 = 0).

Bit	Value	Description
31 (MSB)	0	PDO exists/is valid
	1	PDO does not exist/is invalid
30 0 RTR (Remote Transmission Request) permitted for this I		
	1	No RTR allowed for this PDO
29	0	11-bit ID (CAN 2.0A)
	1	29-bit ID (CAN 2.0B)
28 11	0	If bit 29 = 0
	X	If bit 29 = 1: Bits 28 11 of the 29-bit COB ID
10 0 (LSB)	X	Bits 10 0 of the COB ID

Tab. 43: Validity of a PDO

8.6.1 RPDO communication parameters

Index	Sub- index	Description	Туре	Types of access	Unit	Default value		
0x1400	0	Number of sup- ported entries	U8	R		0		
0x1403	1	COB ID (user- configurable	U32	R/W		RPDO 1: Index 0x1400	0x200 + Node-ID	
		value for PDOs)				RPDO 2: Index 0x1401	0x300 + Node-ID	
							RPDO 3: Index 0x1402	0x400 + Node-ID
						RPDO 4: Index 0x1403	0x500 + Node-ID	
	2	Transmission Type	U8	R		Acyclic type = 0		
	3	Inhibit Time	U16	R/W	0.1 ms	100 (10 ms)		
	5	Event Time	U16	R/W	1 ms	500 (500 ms)		

Tab. 44: RPDO communication parameters

(i) INFO

Write access to communication parameters

Write access to communication parameters is only possible if the JXM-IO-E30 is in the **Pre-Operational** state.

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8.6.2 TPDO communication parameters

Index	Sub- index	Description	Туре	Types of access	Unit	Default value	
0x1800	0	Number of sup- ported entries	U8	R		0	
0x1803	1	COB ID (user- configurable	U32	R/W		TPDO 1: Index 0x1800	0x180 + Node-ID
		value for PDOs)				TPDO 2: Index 0x1801	0x280 + Node-ID
						TPDO 3: Index 0x1802	0x380 + Node-ID
						TPDO 4: Index 0x1803	0x480 + Node-ID
	2	Transmission Type	U8	R		Acyclic type = 0	
	3	Inhibit Time	U16	R/W	0.1 ms	100 (10 ms)	
	5	Event Time	U16	R/W	1 ms	500 (500 ms)	

Tab. 45: TPDO communication parameters

i INFO Write access to communication parameters				
	Write access to communication parameters is only possible if the JXM-IO-E30 is in the Pre-Operational state.			

For a configuration example, refer to chapter Sending interface input values via TPDO [▶ 52].

8.6.3 Mapping tables

RPDO mapping table

Index	Sub- index	Description	Type	Types of ac- cess	Default value
0x1600	0	Number of supported entries	U8	R/W	0
	1	First object that is mapped	U32	R/W	
0x1603	2	Second object that is mapped	U32	R/W	
			U32	R/W	
	64	64. Object to be mapped	U32	R/W	

Tab. 46: RPDO mapping table

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TPDO mapping table

Index	Subind ex	Description	Туре	Types of access	Default value
0x1A00	0	Number of supported entries	U8	R/W	0
	1	First object that is mapped	U32	R/W	
0x1A03	2	Second object that is mapped	U32	R/W	
			U32	R/W	
	64	64. Object to be mapped	U32	R/W	

Tab. 47: TPDO mapping table

Mapping entry U32

Byte	0	1	2 and 3
Contents	Bit length	Subindex	Index

Tab. 48: Mapping entry U32

8.6.4 Mapping of digital values

As an alternative to bit-wise mapping of digital values to PDOs, you can also use object 0x6000 for mapping digital values.

Index	Subindex	Description	Type	Types of access	Default value
0x6000	0	Number of supported entries	U8	R	4
	1	Read access to inputs DIP and PWMi_H3	U8	R	
		Bits 0 3 represent index 0x2108 0x210b, subindex 16.			
		Bits 4 7 represent index 0x210c 0x210f, subindex 16.			
	2	Read access to inputs DIP and DO_H3	U8	R	
		Bits 0 3 represent index 0x2108 0x210b, subindex 16.			
		Bits 4 7 represent index 0x2116 0x2119, subindex 16.	-		
	3	Read access to inputs PWMi_H3 and DO_H3	U8	R	
		Bits 0 3 represent index 0x210c 0x210f, subindex 16.	_		
		Bits 4 7 represent index 0x2116 0x2119, subindex 16.	-		
	4	Read access to inputs PWM_H7	U8	R	
		Bits 0 5 represent index 0x2110 0x2115, subindex 16.			

Tab. 49: Mapping of digital values

Displaying digital values

The SDO shows the value I_DIGITAL for selected values. If you have not previously configured the corresponding port for digital values, then no error message is issued and the value in this bit is not defined.

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Enabling byte-wise mapping

To switch from the default bitwise mapping to the bytewise mapping after system startup, 2 SDO commands must be sent to the node:

Index	Subindex	Description	Data length	Value
0x2001	2	Enabling byte-wise mapping	4 bytes	0xb4c0ffee
	3		4 bytes	1

Tab. 50: SDO commands, activation of byte-wise mapping

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8.6.5 Sending interface input values via TPDO

To send interface input values via TPDO, proceed as follows:

- 1. Switch the JXM-IO-E30 to Pre-Operational state.
- 2. Assign the desired interface.
- 3. Invalidate the TxPDO object.
- **4.** Disable the mapping.
- 5. Enter the mapping value.
- Enable the mapping.
- 7. Validate the TxPDO object.
- 8. Switch the JXM-IO-E30 to Operational state.

STX example

The following STX example shows you in part how you can output the value Al1 Voltage on TPDO1.

```
//Switch JXM-IO-E30 to Pre-Operational state
CanOpenSetCommand(
cCanChannel, CAN CMD NMT, CAN CMD NMT Value (
cJXMNodeId, CAN NMT PREOPERATIONAL));
//AI_1 port type to AI VOLTAGE (=1)
iTemp := 1;
CanOpenDownloadSDO(
cCanChannel, cJXMNodeId, 0x2100, 1, CANOPEN DWORD, 4, iTemp, iBusy);
when SDOACCESS FINISHED (iBusy) continue;
//Invalidating TxPDO object, setting uppermost bit to 1
dTemp := 0x80000000+0x180+0x30;
CanOpenDownloadSDO(
cCanChannel, cJXMNodeld, 0x1800, 1, CANOPEN DWORD, 4, dTemp, iBusy);
when SDOACCESS FINISHED (iBusy) continue;
//Disabling mapping
dTemp := 0;
CanOpenDownloadSDO (
cCanChannel, cJXMNodeId, 0x1a00, 0, CANOPEN BYTE, 1, dTemp, iBusy);
when SDOACCESS FINISHED (iBusy) continue;
//Entering value for AI1 voltage
dTemp := 0x21000a10; // Index: 0x2100, subindex 0x0a = 10, length 0x10 = 16
bits
CanOpenDownloadSDO(
cCanChannel, cJXMNodeId, 0x1a00, 1, CANOPEN DWORD, 4, dTemp, iBusy);
when SDOACCESS FINISHED (iBusy) continue;
//Enabling mapping
dTemp := 1; // Number of mapping entries
CanOpenDownloadSDO(
cCanChannel, cJXMNodeId, 0x1a00, 0, CANOPEN BYTE, 1, dTemp, iBusy);
when SDOACCESS FINISHED (iBusy) continue;
```

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8.7 Frequency measurement at the digital inputs

For the frequency measurement at the digital inputs 2 measuring methods are available:

- Gating measurement
- Pulse length measurement

Gating measurement

The gate time (GATE_TIME) is the time period during which pulses are counted. Measurements of high-frequency signals can thus be easily recorded. The values I_FREQUENCY and I_PERIODIC_TIME are determined using this method.

In order to achieve the resolution of 0.1 Hz for low frequency signals, the gate time must be adjusted accordingly. The maximum gate time is 10 seconds.

(i) INFO

Gate time and update rate

A gate time of 10 s means that the update rate is also 10 s.

Pulse length measurement

This method is suitable for the resolution of low frequencies. It is based on the time between the edge changes. To do this, it is necessary to calculate the values I_HPULSE_TIME and I_LPULSE_TIME externally:

 $f[mHz] = 10^9 / (I_HPULSE_TIME + I_LPULSE_TIME)$

(i) INFO

Decrease of resolution

In pulse length measurement, the resolution decreases with increasing frequency.

8.8 Acquisition of encoder signals

The ENCI_PNP interface lets you acquire encoder signals. The encoder inputs do not feature debouncing.

(i) INFO

Automatic Configuration of the Inputs as ENCI_PNP

For the acquisition of encoder signals always 2 inputs are required.

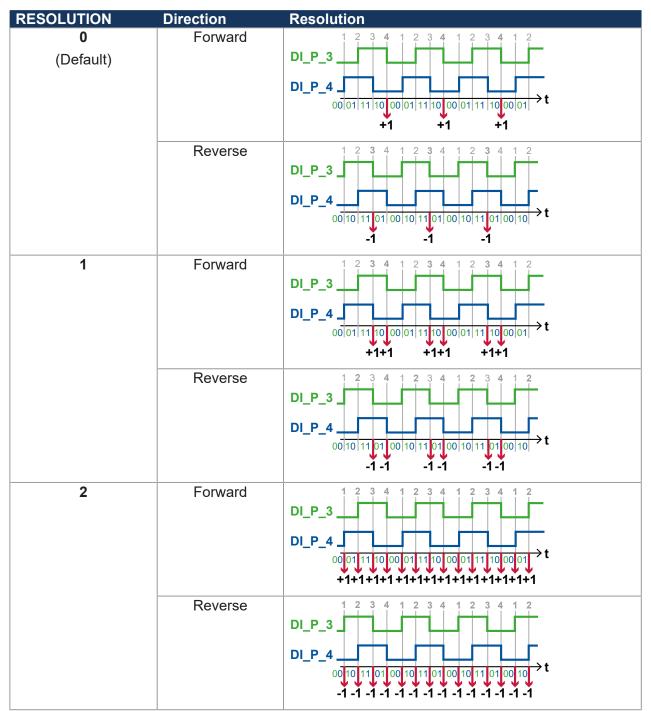
If, for example, you configure input DI_P_3 as ENCI_PNP, the adjacent input DI_P_4 is automatically configured as ENCI_PNP.

If you reconfigure one of the two inputs, the adjacent input automatically becomes INACTIVE - no encoder signals are acquired any more.

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Resolution

You can set the resolution using the RESOLUTION parameter.



Tab. 51: Resolution of the encoder signals

Input values for ENCI_PNP

You can query the following Input values:

Input value	Description	PDO send condition
1 -	32-bit counter running forward and backward	Event Time
I_DIRECTION	Current direction	In case of change

Tab. 52: Input values for ENCI_PNP

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Signaling standstill

The TIMEOUT_TIME parameter allows you to specify the time required to elapse before a stand-still is signaled. The default value is 1,000 ms, i.e. if no more pulses are received for 1,000 ms, then I DIRECTION = 0.

8.9 NMT commands

The JXM-IO-E30 supports the following NMT commands:

NMT commands	Description
RESET	Resets the JXM-IO-E30
PREOPERATIONAL	Switches to Pre-Operational state
OPERATIONAL	Switches to Operational state
START	Starts the JXM-IO-E30
STOP	Stops the JXM-IO-E30, the JXM-IO-E30 continues to send heartbeat signals and process NMT commands.

Tab. 53: Supported NMT commands

8.10 Troubleshooting

Emergency object telegrams (EMCY telegrams)

EMCY telegrams are sent at startup or after any changes at an inhibit time of 50 ms.

Byte		Contents		
	0 1 =	Emergency Error Code		
	2 =	Error register	Object 0x1001	
	3 =	I/O offset 0x21nn, where nn is the offset		
	4 7 =	Manufacturer-specific "error field" entry		
		Always 0 is sent.		

Tab. 54: Byte values of Emergency objects

Error memory (error history)

The EMCY errors are stored in a stacked memory. Subindex 1 provides access to the latest error.

Byte		Contents	
	0 1 =	Emergency Error Code	
	2 =	Error register	Object 0x1001
	3 =	I/O offset 0x21nn, where nn is the	offset

Tab. 55: Byte values of the error memory

The error memory can be accessed via index 0x1003.

Index	Subindex	Description	Туре	Types of ac- cess	Default value
0x1003	0	Number of errors	U8	R/W	0
		Entering 0 clears the entire memory. Values > 0 are not allowed.			
	1	Latest "Error Field" entry	U32	R	
	2 254	Other current "Error Field" entries	U32	R	

Tab. 56: Subindexes of the error memory

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Emergency Error Codes

Code	Description
0x0000	No error or error reset
0x1000	Generic error
0x2300	Total current is too high
0x3100	Voltage exceeding the required tolerance range
0x4200	Device temperature is too high
0x8110	CAN data overrun (lost objects)
0x8130	Life guard error or heartbeat error
0x8140	Recovered from Bus-Off state
0x8210	Processing errors due to incorrect length of PDOs
0x8220	PDO length exceeded
0xff00	Configuration error on the device
0xff01	I/O-Port OVERVOLTAGE
0xff02	I/O-Port OVERCURRENT
0xff03	I/O-Port SUPPLYFAULT
0xff05	I/O-Port OPEN_CIRCUIT
0xff06	I/O-Port TIMEOUT
0xff07	I/O-Port CC_UNLOCK

Tab. 57: Emergency Error Codes

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8.10.1 Heartbeat

The device sends a heartbeat message cyclically as soon as it is in the **Pre-Operational** state.

Index Subindex D		Description	Туре	Types of access	Default value
0x1017	0	Producer heartbeat time in ms	U16	R/W	1000

Tab. 58: Index of the heartbeat message

Heartbeat monitoring

The number of heartbeats to be monitored can be set via the controller with the corresponding master node ID and corresponding timeout. If the device does not detect a heartbeat within the specified timeout period (e.g. in the event of a communication interruption), the device switches to the **Stopped** state and the outputs are de-energized.

Index	Subin dex	Descrip	tion			Туре	Types of access	Default value
0x1016	0	Number	of heartbeat	s to be moni	tored	U8	R/W	0
	1 4	Node ID	to be monito	ored and time	eout	U32	R/W	
			MSB		LSB			
		Bits	31 24	23 16	15 0			
		Value	Reserved (Value: 00h)	Node ID	Heartbeat timeout			
		Type	-	U8	U16			

Tab. 59: Heartbeat monitoring

Value ranges

■ Node ID: 0 ... 127

■ Heartbeat timeout: 0 ... 65535 (in ms)

Example

Command	Description
r 0x1016 0	Read number of node IDs that can be moni-
	tored.
w 0x1016140x007F03e8	Set first node ID to be monitored to 127 with
■ 1 = first entry	timeout 1000 ms.
■ 4 = 4 bytes (U32)	
■ 00 = reserved	
■ 7F = 127 (node ID)	
■ 3e8 = 1000 (timeout in ms)	
r 0x1016 1	Read first configuration in first entry.

Tab. 60: Heartbeat Monitoring - Example

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8.11 Current control with PID controller

The individual P, I and D controllers usually have the following characteristics:

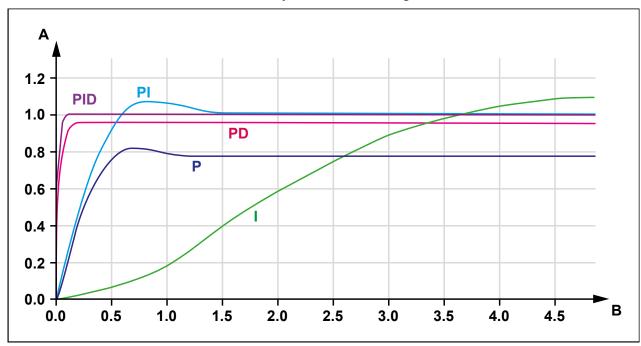


Fig. 12: Comparison of controller types in a control loop

Α	Step response
В	Time

8.11.1 Test scenario

The PID controller was tested on the JXM-IO-E30 under the following conditions:

Condition	Description	
Output	1 kHz PWM	
Control period	10 ms	
Load	Inductive	An unspecified valve solenoid
VBAT	24 V	In case of a short circuit 4.8 A ~5 Ω

Tab. 61: General conditions of the test scenario

JetSym was used to set up a test scenario in which the setpoint switches back and forth between 0.3 A and 0.7 A.

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Closed-loop control parameters: P = 100,000, I = 0, D = 0, Measurements: blue = setpoint, red = actual value

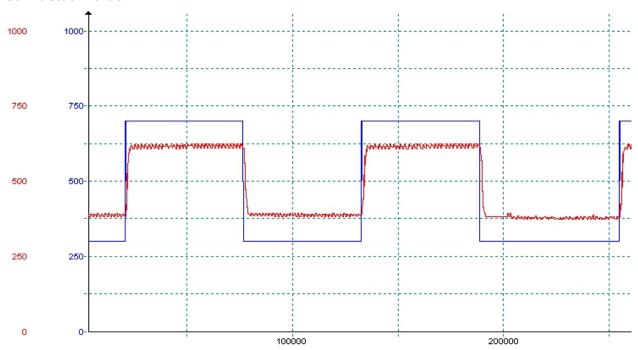


Fig. 13: Test scenario with the control parameters P = 100,000, I = 0, D = 0

The P controller works well with this value. However, the setpoint is not reached, which corresponds to the typical behavior of a P controller (see Current control with PID controller [> 59]).

Closed-loop control parameters: P = 100,000, I = 5,000, D = 0, Measurements: blue = setpoint, red = actual value

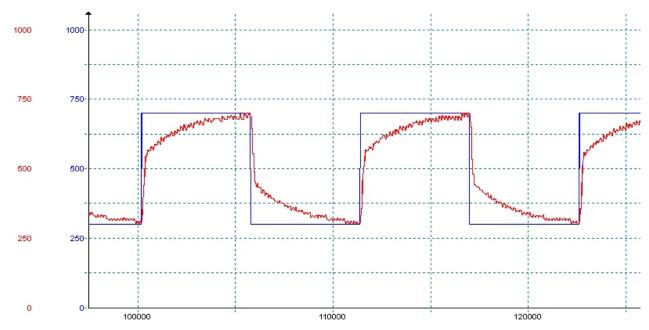


Fig. 14: Test scenario with the control parameters P = 100,000, I = 5,000, D = 0

The I controller also works satisfactorily, the setpoint is reached with this setting.

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Closed-loop control parameters: P = 100,000, I = 5,000, D = 400, Measurements: blue = setpoint, red = actual value

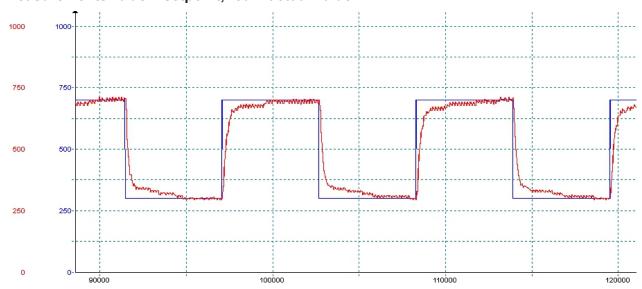


Fig. 15: Test scenario with the control parameters P = 100,000, I = 5,000, D = 400

The D controller causes the actual value to approach the setpoint more quickly.

Closed-loop control parameters: P = 100,000, I = 10,000, D = 400, Measurements: blue = setpoint, red = actual value

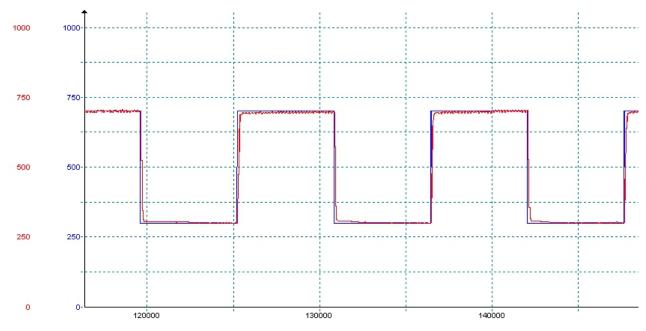


Fig. 16: Test scenario with the control parameters P = 100,000, I = 10,000, D = 400

In this example, the period of the setpoint signal was selected with approx. 10 ms for illustrative purposes. For fast control, the P value should be increased and the sampling time reduced to 5 ms. Settling times < 50 ms can be achieved.

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8.11.2 Current measurement at the PWMi H3 X outputs

The current measurement at the PWMi_H3_X outputs is implemented via shunt resistor. The measuring amplifier has a low-pass filter with R * C = 1 ms. This low-pass filter provides an integral component.

The arithmetic mean is measured. The CPU measures the current only midway through the turnon time of the PWM signal. Since there is no calculation of the ratio between turn-on time and turn-off time, an integral component is necessary to ensure maximum reading correctness.

Usually valves already have a good average of the load current due to their self-inductance. Purely resistive loads can be operated on the controller if the PWM frequency is set to 1 kHz. The low-pass filter mentioned above is provided for this purpose. For lower frequencies (e.g. 100 Hz) the current measurement at purely resistive loads is too inaccurate.

8.12 Dither technology for controlling hydraulic valves

Proportional hydraulic valves are usually controlled with PWM signals of 100 Hz ... 200 Hz. The low frequency means that the valve needle does not come to a complete stop and the control works without major hysteresis effects.

If the valve can only be controlled at higher frequencies (1 kHz), the PWM signal can be modulated. This is known as dithering and also prevents the needle from coming to rest. You can set the frequency and amplitude of the dither signal in the JXM-IO-E30:

- The dither amplitude allows you to modify the pulse length of the output signal (max. 20 % of the period length).
- The dither frequency allows you to set the frequency of the modification (100 Hz ... 200 Hz).

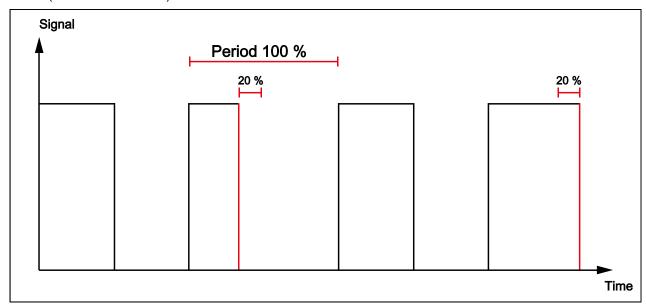


Fig. 17: Dithering

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(i) INFO

If you want to use the dither technology in conjunction with the PID controller, then test the control behavior thoroughly beforehand. The modulation continuously changes the actual value of the controller. If the control does not work satisfactorily, you can try the following:

- Decrease the amplitude of the dither signal.
- Use the averaging filter on the current feedback of the output.
- Adjust the PID parameters.

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9 Maintenance and repairs

9.1 Maintenance, repairs and disposal

Maintenance

This device is maintenance-free.

Therefore, for the operation of the device no inspection or maintenance is re-

quired.

Repairs

Defective components could cause dangerous malfunctions and could compro-

mise safety.

Only the manufacturer is allowed to repair the device.

It is forbidden to open the device.

Disposal of obsolete equipment

The device must be disposed of in accordance with the Environmental Product Declaration EPD. Applicable local environmental directives and regulations must be complied with. This product must be disposed of as waste electronic equip-

ment. Waste packaging material must be recycled or reused.

Modifications and alterations to the device

Modifications and alterations to the device and its functions are not allowed. In the case of modifications to the device, any liability is excluded.

The original parts are specifically designed for the device. Parts and equipment

from other manufacturers must, therefore, not be used.

Any liability for any damages resulting from the use of non-original parts and

equipment is excluded.

9.2 Storage and shipment

Storage

When storing the device observe the environmental conditions given in chapter "Technical specifications".

Shipment and packaging

The device contains electrostatically sensitive components which can be damaged if not handled properly. Damages to the device may impair its reliability.

To protect the device from impact or shock, it must be shipped in its original

packaging, or in an appropriate protective ESD packaging.

In case of damaged packaging inspect the device for any visible damage, and inform your freight forwarder and the Jetter AG of the damage caused during shipment. If the device is damaged or has been dropped, it is strictly forbidden to use it.

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10 Service

10.1 Customer service

Should you have any questions, suggestions, or problems, please don't hesitate to contact our service representatives. To contact them, please call our technical hotline or use the contact form on our homepage:

Technical hotline | Jetter - We automate your success.

You are also welcome to send an e-mail to our technical hotline:

hotline@jetter.de

Please supply the following information when contacting our technical hotline:

- Hardware revision and serial number For the hardware revision and serial number of your product, please refer to the nameplate.
- OS version
 For the operating system version, see index 0x100A.

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11 Spare parts and accessories



NOTICE

Inadequate accessories might cause damage to the product

Parts and equipment from other manufacturers might impede the function of the device and cause damage to the product.

Only use accessories recommended by Jetter AG.

11.1 Accessories

(i) INFO

Ordering accessories

The accessories are not part of the scope of delivery. Suitable accessories can be obtained from Jetter AG.

Accessories	Item number
Cable harness of 3 m length with open end,	60882322_01
incl. connector	
Connector set including crimp contacts and blanking	10001729
plugs for individual pins	

Tab. 62: Accessories

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